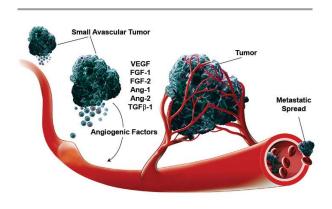


www.adipogen.com

Angiogenesis Research Tools



Angiogenesis is a vital and complex biological process, forming new capillaries from pre-existing blood vessels and infusing tissue with supplies of oxygen and nutrients. It plays an important role in physiological conditions such as reproduction, development, wound healing and tissue repair. Aberrant angiogenesis is a crucial mediator in a growing list of diseases such as cancer, chronic inflammatory diseases, atherosclerosis and diabetic retinopathy. The process of angiogenesis is tightly regulated with the involvement of several cell types interacting with each other as well as with the surrounding microenvironment.

Angiogenesis, especially also in tumor, is induced by hypoxia, leading to expression and stabilization of HIF-1 α , a transcription factor that responds to changing oxygen levels, and consequently the transcription of angiogenesis-promoting genes, leading to the upregulation of pro-angiogenic factors, such as VEGF, PDGF,

FGF or TGFβ. Pro-angiogenic factors activate signaling pathways, such as PI3K/Akt, Erk1/2, Smad and Notch, which result in endothelial cells (ECs) proliferation and migration of the pre-existing vasculature to sprout and increase vascularization of the tissue. Extensive research continues on anti-angiogenic therapies (biologicals or small molecules) that combat cancer by preventing access to the blood supply that is critical for tumor growth and survival.

SELECTED REVIEWS: Cancer prevention by targeting angiogenesis: A. Albini, et al.; Nat. Rev. Clin. Oncol. **9**, 498 (2012) • Angiogenesis in cancer – general pathways and their therapeutic implications; I. Dimova, et al.; JBUON **19**, 15 (2014)

BULK

Potent Human & Mouse Ang-2 Blocking Antibodies

anti-Angiopoietin-2, mAb (rec.) (blocking) (Angy-2-1)

AG-27B-0016-C100 $$100\,\mu g$$ AG-27B-0016PF $$Preservative\ Free $100\,\mu g\ |\ 500\,\mu g\ |\ 1\ mg$

Isotype: Human IgG2λ **Application:** ELISA, FUNC (Blocking)

Functional Application:

Mouse: Inhibits the binding of mouse angiopoietin-2 to mouse Tie-2.

 ND_{50} * = 50-60ng/ml (for 10ng/ml of mouse angiopoietin-2)

Human: Inhibits the binding of human angiopoletin-2 to human Tie-2.

 ND_{50} * = 8-12ng/ml (for 10ng/ml of human angiopoietin-2)

*ND₅₀: = 50% neutralizing dose of antibody for a given concentration of ligand.

anti-Angiopoietin-2 (human), mAb (rec.) (blocking) (Angy-1-4)

AG-27B-0015-C100 $100 \ \mu g$ AG-27B-0015PF Preservative Free $100 \ \mu g \ | \ 500 \ \mu g \ | \ 1 \ mg$

Isotype: Mouse $IgG2b\lambda$ **Application:** ELISA, FUNC (Blocking)

Functional Application: *Human:* Inhibits the binding of human angiopoietin-2 to human Tie-2. ND_{50} * = 600-800ng/ml (for 10ng/ml of human angiopoietin-2)

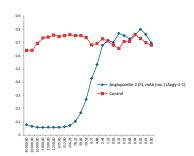


FIGURE: Binding of human angiopoietin-2 (Prod. No. AG-40B-0114) to Tie-2 (human):Fc is inhibited by Angy-2-1 (Prod. No. AG-27B-0016). Tie-2 (human):Fc was coated on an ELISA plate at 1µg/ml. Angy-2-1 or an unrelated mAb (recombinant) (Control) was added (starting at 40µg/ml with a twofold serial dilution) together with 20ng/µl of angiopoietin-2 (human). After incubation for 1h at RT, the binding was detected using an anti-FLAG antibody (HRP).



COMP: Ang-1 - Soluble, Stable & Potent Ang-1 Variant

COMP (rat):Angiopoietin-1 (human) (rec.)

AG-40B-0147



Produced in CHO cells. Binds to human angiopoietin-1 receptor (Tie-2). More potent than native angiopoietin-1. The protein forms pentameric structures.

Functionally Active Ang-1 & Ang-2 Proteins

| PRODUCT NAME | PID | SOURCE | SIZE |
|-------------------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Angiopoietin-1 (human) (rec.) | AG-40A-0014 | CHO cells | 10 μg 50 μg |
| Angiopoietin-2 (human) (rec.) | AG-40B-0114 | HEK 293 cells | 10 µg 3 х 10 µg |
| Angiopoietin-2 (mouse) (rec.) | AG-40B-0131 | HEK 293 cells | 10 μg 3 x 10 μg |

Human Tie-2 Specific Antibodies

| PRODUCT NAME | PID | ISOTYPE | APPLICATION | SIZE |
|---------------------------------|-------------|------------|---------------------------|--------|
| anti-Tie-2 (human), mAb (tek2) | AG-20T-0102 | Mouse IgG1 | ELISA, FACS, IHC (FS), WB | 100 µg |
| anti-Tie-2 (human), mAb (tek9) | AG-20T-0103 | Mouse IgG1 | ELISA, FACS, IHC (FS), WB | 100 µg |
| anti-Tie-2 (human), mAb (tek16) | AG-20T-0104 | Mouse IgG1 | ELISA, FACS, IHC (FS), WB | 100 µg |

Notch & Angiogenesis

Notch 1&2 Receptor Products

 anti-Notch1 (mouse), mAb (22E5)
 AG-20B-0051
 Notch1 (mouse):Fc (human) (rec.)
 AG-40B-0109

 anti-Notch2, mAb (16F11)
 AG-20B-0052
 Notch2 (mouse):Fc (human) (rec.)
 AG-40B-0110



Biologically Active Notch Ligands

DLK1 (human) (rec.) AG-40A-0133 DLL3 (human) (rec.) AG-40B-0151 DLK1 (human):Fc (human) (rec.) AG-40B-0152 DLL3 (ED) (mouse):Fc (human) (rec.) AG-40A-0178 DLK1 (mouse):Fc (human) (rec.) AG-40A-0107Y DLL4 (human):Fc (human) (rec.) AG-40A-0077Y DLL1 (human) (rec.) AG-40A-0073 DLL4 (mouse):Fc (human) (rec.) AG-40A-0145 DLL1 (human):Fc (human) (rec.) AG-40A-0116Y Jagged-1 (human):Fc (human) (rec.) AG-40A-0081 DLL1 (mouse):Fc (human) (rec.) AG-40A-0148 Jagged-2 (human):Fc (human) (rec.) AG-40A-0155Y

Visit www.adipogen.com for an Overview on Notch Signaling Proteins, Antibodies and ELISA Kits!

ANGPTL Proteins & Antibodies – Visit www.adipogen.com for an Overview!



VEGF – Potent Pro-Angiogenic Factor

VEGF family members are the most important direct pro-angiogenic factors. They show proliferative effect on target endothelial cells, which start growing under its influence, increasing their survival and decreasing the apoptotic rate. In addition, they enhance vascular permeability which is connected to extravasation and migration of different cells from/into circulation and induce vasodilatation. Inhibition of the VEGF/VEGFR pathway with small molecules is of highest relevance in discovering new cancer treatments.

anti-VEGF-A (human), mAb (3(6D3))

AG-20T-0105-C200 200 μg

Application: ELISA, WB, FUNC (Neutralizing). Functional Application: Inhibits VEGF-A signaling.



Other Antibodies & Recombinant Proteins

VEGF 164 (mouse) (rec.) AG-40T-0044 anti-VEGFR-1 (human), mAb (EWC) AG-20T-0106 VEGF 165 (human) (rec.) AG-40T-0045 anti-VEGFR-1 (human), mAb (EWF) AG-20T-0107 VEGF-C (human) (rec.) (His) AG-40T-0046 anti-VEGFR-2/KDR (human), mAb (EIC) AG-20T-0108 AG-40T-0048 VEGF-C (rat) (rec.) (His) anti-VEGFR-2/KDR (human), mAb (3(4H3)) AG-20T-0109 VEGFR-1, Soluble (human) (rec.) AG-40T-0049

Small Molecule Inhibitors for Angiogenic Factors



| AG-13958 | SYN-1004 | |
|--------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| | 3111-100 4 | VEGF |
| AMG-Tie2-1 | SYN-1008 | Tie-2 |
| Axitinib | SYN-1014 | VEGFR1-3 |
| BMS-2 | SYN-1022 | VEGFR2 |
| BMS-540215 | SYN-1134 | VEGFR2 |
| Brivanib alaninate | SYN-1135 | VEGFR2 |
| Cabozantinib | SYN-1138 | VEGFR2 |
| CYC116 | SYN-1034 | VEGFR2 |
| E-7080 | SYN-1038 | VEGFR2/3 |
| Foretinib | SYN-1129 | VEGFR2 |
| JNJ-38158471 | SYN-1133 | VEGFR2 |
| Ki20227 | SYN-1049 | VEGFR2 PDGFRβ |
| Imatinib mesylate | SYN-1046 | PDGFR |
| Motesanib | SYN-1055 | VEGFR1-3 PDGFR |

| PRODUCT NAME | PID | INHIBITION |
|-------------------|-------------|-------------------------|
| Pazopanib . HCl | SYN-1058A | VEGFR1-3 PDGFR |
| PD-0173074 | SYN-1176 | FGFR1 |
| Ponatinib | SYN-1116 | PDGFRα VEGFR2 FGFR1 |
| Regorafenib | SYN-1169 | VEGFR1-3 PDGFR |
| Salinosporamide A | AG-CN2-0444 | VEGF |
| SAR-131675 | SYN-1165 | VEGFR3 |
| Sorafenib | SYN-1082 | VEGFR2 |
| SU-5402 | SYN-1084 | VEGFR2 FGFR1 |
| SU-6668 | SYN-1085 | PDGFR VEGF FGFR |
| Sunitinib malate | SYN-1086 | PDGFRβ VEGFR2 |
| Suramin . 6Na | AG-CR1-3575 | VEGF |
| Takeda-6d | SYN-1168 | VEGFR2 |
| Tivozanib | SYN-1013 | VEGFR1-3 |
| Vandetanib | SYN-1090 | VEGFR EGFR |

SAG - Shh Agonist & Potent Activator of VEGF

LIT: Potent small molecule Hedgehog agonists induce VEGF expression in vitro: K. Seifert, et al.; Bioorg. Med. Chem. 20, 6465 (2012)

SAG . 2HCl (water soluble)

AG-CR1-3506 AG-CR1-3585 SAG Analog (LowTox)
SAG Analog (highly active)

AG-CR1-3517 AG-CR1-3518



AG-CR1-3506

Other Angiogenesis Inhibitors

Ageladine A | Alsterpaullone | BAY 43-9006 | Beauvericin | bpV(phen) | Borrelidin | Ciglitazone | Curcumin | (-)-Epigallocatechin gallate | 17-DMAG | Eupatilin | FK-866 | Fumagillin | Genistein | GW1929 | MS-275 | PLX4720 | Psammaplin A | Pseudolaric acid B | Streptochlorin | Terrein | Thapsigargin | Wortmannin | YC-1

Biologically Active Human Netrin-1



Pro-angiogenic factor that modulates various biological processes including morphogenesis, tumorogenesis and angiogenesis.

Netrin-1 (human):Fc (human) (rec.)

AG-40B-0075-C010

10 uo

- Full biological activity (tested by the key experts)
- Does not aggregate Does not precipitate
- Large batch sizes are available for reproducible results

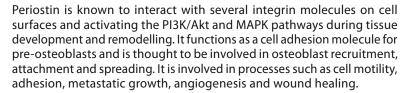
Also Available:

 anti-Netrin-4, mAb (Nely-1)
 AG-20B-0039

 Netrin-1 (human) (rec.)
 AG-40B-0040

 UNC5B (human):Fc (human) (rec.)
 AG-40B-0037

Periostin [OSF2] – Tumor Angiogenesis Marker



| Periostin (human) ELISA Kit | AG-45B-0004 |
|--|-------------|
| Periostin (mouse) ELISA Kit | AG-45B-0005 |
| Periostin (human) Matched Pair Detection Set | AG-46B-0005 |
| Periostin (mouse) Matched Pair Detection Set | AG-46B-0002 |
| anti-Periostin, mAb (Stiny-1) | AG-20B-0033 |
| anti-Periostin, mAb (Stiny-3) | AG-20B-0055 |
| Periostin (mouse) (rec.) | AG-40B-0081 |



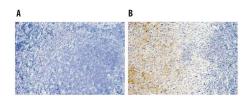


FIGURE: Immunohistochemical staining of endogenous human Periostin in normal breast (A) and human breast cancer (B) tissues (paraffin sections) by using Periostin, mAb (Stiny-1) (Prod. No. AG-208-0033).

Other Tools for Angiogenesis Research



Antibodies

| anti-ACE2 (human), mAb (AC18F) | AG-20A-0032 | anti-PROX1 (human), pAb | AG-25T-0104 |
|---|-------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| anti-ACE2 (human), mAb (AC384) | AG-20A-0037 | anti-PROX1, pAb | AG-25T-0105 |
| anti-ACE2 (human), pAb | AG-25A-0042 | anti-NFATc1, pAb (IG-205) | AG-25T-0110 |
| anti-PEDF, pAb (IN104) | AG-25B-0029 | anti-NFATc2 (human), pAb (IG-209) | AG-25T-0111 |
| anti-PEDF (human), mAb (rec.) (Serpy-1-4) | AG-27B-0014 | | |

Recombinant Proteins

| ACE2 (human) (rec.) | AG-40A-0048 | PEDF (human) (rec.) | AG-40B-0077 |
|---------------------------|-------------|--|-----------------|
| ACE2 (mouse) (rec.) | AG-40A-0184 | PEDF (mouse) (rec.) | AG-40B-0118 |
| Angiocidin (human) (rec.) | AG-40B-0061 | TGFβ1 (mutant) (human):Fc (human) (rec.) | CHI-HF-210TGFBM |



EUROPE/REST OF WORLD

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